Maths Long Term Plan Year 10 Higher



Temperance Term

W/C	1		2		3		4		5		6 7		8		
Area of Study	Number 1							Algebra 1							
Core learning	Working with integers To identify the correct operations required and use written calculations to solve worded problems. To calculate with all four operations of arithmetic using positive and negative numbers. To apply the hierarcrhy of operations to accurately work out calculations. To identify and write the inverses for operations and apply these icheck the results of calculations and develop the skills required to solve the equations. To identify and write the inverses for operations and apply these icheck the results of calculations and develop the skills required to solve the equations. To use the listing members that we been multiplied together by writing them in index form. To use the listing member to find the highest common factor and lowest common multiple of a set of numbers. To use a prime factor tree to find the highest common factor and lowest common multiple of a set of numbers.			fractil To apply k factors an simplify fr identify et To apply a algorithm fraction. To apply t four opera problems fractions. To calcula amounts. To expres fraction of	nowledge of it multiples to citions and uivalent fractions. and desplain and desplain and to find the median set of the median set. So the model of the median set of the median set of the median set. So the model of the median set of the median s	Working with decimals To apply knowledge of place value to convert decimals to fractions and order fractions. To be able to add, subtract, multiply and divide decimals. To use a calculator to complete more complicated calculations that involve for the convertigation of the convertig	Basic Algebra To interpret and work with algebraic notation including an understanding of college and ordine. To form algebraic expressions from worded instructions and geometric probler to simplify products and quotients and apply the index laws to simplify. To simplify products and quotients and apply the index laws to simplify. To simplify products and quotients and apply the index laws to simplify. To simplify products and quotients. To expand the product of a single term and binomial. To factorise out common factors and recognise that the HCF must be factored expression to be fully factorised. To from expressions from word problems and use algebra to solve problems in contexts including number problems.			roblems. cored out for an ms in different	To know what a To be able to e To be able to fa To complete th To simplify and	Algebra quadratic expression is, pand the product of two binomials. clorise expressions of the form ax*2 square on a quadratic expression. manipulate algebraic fractions.		HALF TERM	
Opportunities for Challenge: Open middle, goal free, exam questions, "by example", SSDD are good resources but always choose problems based on the current topic. Assessment												_			
Assessment			Progr		ress Check					Progress Check					
W/C	9		10			11	12	13		3	14				
Area of study	Assessment			Algebra 1			Geometry 1								
Core learning	Revision		Equations To solve linear equations. To understand that identities are equations for which there are an infinite in solutions as they are true for all values x can take. To form and solve quadratic equations. To understand that different types of equations have a different possible nusolutions. To solve linear simultaneous equations. To solve linear and quadratic simultaneous equations. To solve linear and quadratic simultaneous equations. To know how to read and interpret graphs in various contexts. To be able to use graphs to find approximate solutions to equations. To use iterative methods to find approximate solutions to equations. To use equations and graphs to solve problems.				Properties of polygons and 3D objects To know the names and features of common polygons and polyhedrons. To know how to describe and label common features of plane figures. To know how to describe line and rotational symmetry. To identify and describe line and rotational symmetry. To know and use properties of triangles and quadrilaterals, including their interior angle interior angle of the plane of 3D solids.	3D objects whe names and es of common polygons object on the sea of common polygons object on so whow to describe and common features of plane s. March of the size of anal symmetry. when the size of angle facts including: or and use properties of les and quadrilaterals, ing their interior angle on and use the properties on and use the properties so are all knowledge of facts including: around a point. so for earli knowledge of facts including: around a point. so the size of the siz		Perimeter To calculate the perimeter of a simple shape. To understand that the perimeter of a shape is its boundary. To calculate the perimeter of composite shapes. To form expressions and equations for the perimeter of a given shape. To know and use a formula for the circumference of a circle. To be able to find are length of a given sector and hence the perimeter of the sector.		Area To know and use the formulae for calculating the area of rectangles, triangles, parallelograms, and trapesiums. To use formulae to calculate the area of composite shapes. To form algebraic expressions for the area of a shepton and use the formula for calculating the area of a shepton. To know and use the formula for calculating the area of a scrice. To calculate the area of a crice.	CHRISTMAS		
Opportuni	ity for Challenge: Open	midd	le, goal free, exar	n ques	tions, "by e	example", SSDD a	are good resources	but alv	ways choose p	roblems bas	sed on the	current topic.			
Assessment	Formal, summative			Progress Check											

Maths Long Term Plan Year 10 Higher



Justice Term

W/C	15	16	17		18		19	20					
Area of study	Number 2												
Core learning	Rounding and estimation Round to the nearest positive integer power of ten and a to real-life examples. Round values to a specified number of decimal places. Round values to a specified number of significant figures. Truncate values and understand when this is useful. Use rounding to estimate without using a calculator. Use inequalities and identify the lower and upper bounds this to mind minimum and maximum solutions. Calculate the upper and lower bounds of a calculation for and continuous quantities.	Use fractions, multipliers or calculators to of amounts. Express a quantity as a percentage of and Calculate percentage increase or decreas Calculate the original amount given a per decrease.	percentages. Write a set o work out percetnages Write an e Understan Apply the I e. Work with ++++Estim.	Powers and roots Write a series of numbers multiplied together in index form. Write an exponent on a calculator. Understand of and negative indices. Apply the laws of indices. Work with fractional indices. +++Estimate powers and roots of a number. Solve problems involving powers and roots.			s to and from standard culator efficiently for standices to multiply and do nout the use of a calcula	viding by powers of ten form. andard form livide numbers in ator. dd and subtract numbers Use surd Calc Simp Man Rati Solv	Irds a calculator to approximate the values of numbers involving a calculator to approximate the values of numbers involving substances to suitions to problems using surds. lifty expressions containing surds. lifty expressions containing surds. suipulate surds when multiphing and dividing, onalise the denominator of a fraction. complex problems involving surds.	HALF TERM			
	Opportunity for Challenge: Open middle, goal free, exam questions, "by example", SSDD are good resources but always choose problems based on the current topic.												
Assessment		Progress check					Progress check						
W/C	21	22	23		24		25		26				
Area of study	Assessment	Algebra 2											
Core learning		Functions and sequences Generate terms of a sequence using a term-to-term Generate terms of a sequence using a position-to-ter find then the term of a sequence. Use correct notation to write rules to find any term in the control of the term of a linear sequence. Find the nth term of a quadratic sequence.	rm rule. n a sequence.	Substitute nu Use formulae Rearrange fo	lae to epresent real-life contexts. merical values into a formula. from the topic of kinematics. rmulae to change the subject. rmulae in a variety of contexts.			Inequalities Understand and interpret inequalities and use the correct symbols to express inequalities. Use a number line and set notation to represent an inequality. Solve linear inequalities in one variable and represent the solution set on a number line and in set notation. Solve quadratic inequalities. Solve (several) linear inequalities in two variables and represent the solution set on a graph		EASTER			
	Opportunity for Challenge: Open middle, goal free, exam questions, "by example", SSDD are good resources but always choose problems based on the current topic.												
Assessment				Progress che			eck						

Maths Long Term Plan Year 10 Higher



Courage Term

W/C	27	28	29	30		31				
Area of study	Geometry 2					Probability				
Core learning	Section 1: 3D objects •To apply what you already know about the prof 3D objects •To work with 2D representations of 3D objects •To construct and interpret plans and elevations objects	To convert metric units of tire To understand units of tire To convert units of time To convert units of time To convert currencies usi To convert compound me To use formulae: speed mass/volume, pressure = f the variables given values: To read and use scales on scales and ratio scales To form scales to constru dimension To read and use bearings	or capacity, mass and length farea and volume me are not metric and solve related problems ng scale factors assurements = distance/time, density = orce/area, to find any one of for the other two maps including both line/bar ct scale drawings to fit a given in scale drawings ction between a bearing of B	•To calculat •To calculat cylinders) •To calculat •To calculat •To calculat 3D shapes	olume and surface area e the volume of prisms (including cylinders) te the surface area of prisms (including te the volume and surface area of a cone e the volume and surface area of a sphere te the volume and surface area of composite volume and surface area of composite	Section 1: Basic probability *To understand and use the vocabulary of probability *To express probabilities as a number between 0 (impossible) and 1 (certain), either as a decimal, fraction or percentage *To relate relative frequency to theoretical probability *To represent and analyse outcomes of probability experiments *To calculate the probability of an event NOT happening *To understand that the probabilities of mutually exclusive events sum to 1 *To use tables and frequency trees to organise outcomes, understanding that a frequency tree is not the same as a probability tree *To calculate probabilities in different contexts	Section 2: Further probability To construct and use representations (tables, tree diagrams and Venn diagrams) To use the language and notation of basic set theory To use the addition rule, including an understanding of mutually exclusive events To use the multiplication rule, including an understanding of independent event Calculate numbers of possible outcomes using the product rule for counting To use methods of conditional probability, including questions phrased in the form 'given that'	HALF TERM		
Assessment	Opportunity for Challenge: Ope	n middle, goal free, exam	questions, "by example	e", SSDD	are good resources but always	s choose problems based on th	e current topic.			
W/C	32 33		34		35	36	37			
Area of study	Assessment and Revision	<u> </u>								
Core learning			the limitations of sampling •To be able to interpret and contables and bar charts •To be able to draw and interpre line charts for ungrouped, discre	of populations estruct tables, et pie charts a ete numerical o et histograms appropriate u	or distributions from a sample, while knowing charts and diagrams, including frequency and pictograms for categorical data and vertical data and cumulative frequency diagrams for se	Section 2: Analysing data *To calculate summary statistics from raw an *To compare two or more sets of data *To estimate quartiles from a cumulative free *To identify why a graph may be misleading *To construct scatter diagrams *To describe correlation *To draw a line of best fit *To identify outliers	SUMMER			
Opportunity for Challenge: Open middle, goal free, exam questions, "by example", SSDD are good resources but always choose problems based on the current topic.										
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